THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1816. No. 49.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Front Street, opposite the Post-Office,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

First 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.

Advertising customers are requested to note the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

H. BONNET,

HAS just brought to Pittsburgh, and will sell by the Package or Piece, at his Store in Diamond Alley, and as low as in Philadelphia, the charge of Bank Notes and Carriage excepted, for Cash or approved Notes, viz:—

SILK, cotton, and thread laces of every kind
Florence, levantine, sattin, sensbaw and
uret do.
alloon, plain and fringed ribbons, do.
ilk cords, chenille, and boot cords
each, Italian, and Canton crapes
ured silk, and gauze for milliners
ks and leather gloves
tton and silk stockings
men cambrick
Anazine and bombazett
alicoes of every kind
ambrick, jaconet and mull muslin
ewing silk, millinet, and wires
Black and fancy feathers
Silk and Marseilles vesting of any kind
Long cloth and Irish linen
Silk, thread and plated buttons
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Flag, and other kind do.
Diaper and brown holland
Fans, cotton balls and hat covers
Ginghams of any kind
Stockinet and Berlin cord
Super fine broad cloth and cassimer
Chambray, striped, and plaid domestic cotton

With many other articles that will suit Country Storekeepers, who will find it their interest to call.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816. tf

FRESH GOODS

ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Stockholders,

Of the Stage-town and Greensburgh Turnpike Road Company.

TAKE NOTICE, that the 2d, 3d, and 4th instalments have become due; that from and after sixty days from the time the Instalments respectively have been ordered by the Board to be paid to the Treasurer, you are subject to pay five per cent. per month (equal to sixty per cent. per annum) interest. The Board of Managers, on the faith of your subscriptions, have made extensive contracts for making the Road, which will render prompt collections absolutely necessary. It is therefore hoped, that you will pay that attention to this Notice, which will supersede the necessity of coercive measures, in which cases the interest will be demanded.

THOS. POLLOCK, *Treasurer.*

May 21, 1816.

Look Here!

I PROPOSE Renting on Perpetual Lease 10 LOTS of 50 by 55 feet each, near the late Patterson's Paper Mill. The terms will be more accommodating than any yet offered on Lease betwixt Pittsburgh and Lawrenceville. Two of these Lots will front on the Allegheny River, and the rest adjoining—Apply to JAMES GRAY,

Corner of Liberty and Front Streets.

Pittsburgh, May 29, 1816. tf

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted under the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Have commodious Warehouse in Wood street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of

Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Bolton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

SPECIE.

The highest Premium given for SPECIE, By ROSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, 17th May, 1816.

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,

PRIME COTTON,
NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
RED LEAD,
KENHAWA SALT,
SPANISH BRIGS,
QUEENSWARE, by the Crate,
LOGWOOD, SHOT, &c. &c. &c.

London Particular,
MADEIRA,
LISBON,
PORT AND TENERIFFE, } WINES.

Four proof COGNIAC BRANDY, by the barrel, half barrel, or quarter.
LUMP SUGAR in barrels,
First quality HAVANNA SEGARS, by the box and half box,
MADDER in barrels,
To be Sold on Commission by D. S. SCULLY, Market Street, Pittsburgh.

A constant supply of the above Articles, together with a general assortment of *GROCERIES* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms, to be had at the above Store.

N. B. The highest premium given for GOLD and SILVER.

D. S. SCULLY.

Pittsburgh, May 22, 1816. tf

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following property belonging to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, dec. viz- 1 lot fronting on Penn-street, sub-divided into building lots of 25 by 50 feet—one lot on Fourth, between Ferry-street and Redoubt alley—and 1 lot fronting on Redoubt alley, between Third and Fourth-streets. Also, one 10 acre out-lot situate near the town of Allegheny—all of which they will dispose of upon the most accommodating terms.

They will also have for lease for the term of 18 years, the tan yard formerly occupied by the deceased, subdivided into lots of 25 by 84 feet, fronting on third and fourth streets.

The lot to which the ferry on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Market street is attached will also be subdivided into building lots, subject to leases upon the same terms as above.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun. or IRWIN WALLACE, who are authorised to make arrangements for the sale and lease of the above property.

GEORGE WALLACE,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun.
MARY WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the liberal share of patronage he has enjoyed, informs the Public, that his CARDING MACHINES are in complete order, and that Wool will be Carded at the former price, and at the shortest notice.

The Steam Fulling Mills

are also in complete operation. Having the best workmen employed in this business, he is enabled to execute all orders with which he may be favoured, in the neatest manner.—Persons sending Cloth to be dressed, may always depend on having it finished without delay.

He has now on hand a large quantity of dressed Cloth, ready for his customers, which he requests them to take away.

FOR SALE, AS ABOVE,

A large quantity of DOMESTIC BROADCLOTH, CASSINETTS, SATTINETTS, &c. which will be sold at low prices, for good endorsed notes at sixty, ninety and one hundred and twenty days.

☞ All persons indebted will confer a favour by discharging their accounts.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1816. 3t

FRESH GOODS

OF THE LATE IMPORTATIONS.

Just received and opened by the subscribers—at their

WHOLESALE STORE,

In Wood, between Front & Second-streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS

AND

HARDWARE.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

German scythes and Mailand whet-stones—German and English steel, of superior quality—Looking-glasses of various kinds, &c. &c. Which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ, & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816. 3m

WANTED,

10,000 Merchantable Deer-skins, for which a generous price will be given—if delivered within a month from this day.

C. L. V. & Co.

JOHN TOWN,

COPPER SMITH,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his Manufactory from Fourth Street, where he lately carried it on, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. KERR as a Tavern, on the bank of the Monongahela river, near Wood Street, where he offers for Sale on as good terms as any in the place,

STILLS of all sizes in demand
Fullers Kettles
Hatters Plank and Dye Kettles
Copper and Brass Wash do.
Tea Kettles, &c. &c.

All of the same quality as he has heretofore sold.

Also, a general assortment of TIN WARE.

SALT PANS, BREWING KETTLES, and other large work made to order at a short notice.

Two good Workmen at the Copper Business, and four at the Tin, will, if they will call, meet with constant employment and the highest wages.

The highest price given for old Copper Brass and Pewter.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816. 3m.

20 Bales New-Orleans Cotton,

10,000lbs. Campeachy Logwood,

Just received for Sale, by

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, 18th April, 1816.

Kentucky White Lead.

256 Kegs ground in Oil,
5,600 Pounds Dry, for Sale, by
ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, 25th May, 1816.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse.

AVERY & STEVENSON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS,* and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh,* an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.

WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Stevenson's White Lead,

Warranted equal to any in the United States.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell the whole or any part of the following described Valuable Property, viz:—

A LOT OF GROUND, situated at the corner of Smithfield and Second Streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, containing 50 feet in front on Smithfield Street, and 66 and an half feet in depth. This Lot can be conveniently divided into two handsome building Lots of 25 feet front each; and the scite of the Bridge over the Monongahela River being fixed at the mouth of Smithfield Street, renders them eligible stands for Mercantile, Manufacturing, or Mechanical business.

THREE LOTS OF GROUND in the City of Pittsburgh—one fronting on Second Street, opposite the New Market, fronting a square of 100 feet wide extending to Smithfield Street, containing 40 feet front on Second Street, and extending in depth towards Front Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large and commodious Warehouse, suitable for any person engaged in Commission business—and its vicinity to the river, renders it peculiarly advantageous to mercantile men. The other two Lots are situated on the north side of Front Street—one of them containing 40 feet front on Front Street, and extending in depth towards Second Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large two story Frame Dwelling House, recently occupied by Thomas Bracken—the other adjoining the above 20 feet in front on Front Street, and 65 feet deep; both eligible situations for business.

Also, *AN OUT LOT,* adjoining the City, containing about 16 acres, and adjoining property belonging to Doctor George Stevenson, and James R. Butler, bounded on the Monongahela river, and the public road leading to the Turnpike at Thompson's Lane. This Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, with a thriving young Orchard of the best grafted fruit, a Brick Spring House, over one of the finest springs in the Western Country, and a variety of other improvements. This Lot will be Sold either in whole, or be divided into small Lots, to suit purchasers, a plan of which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The whole of the above described property, recently belonged to the late Thomas Bracken. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to purchasers. Any person wishing to view any part of the property, will apply to the subscriber, or those on the premises.

DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, April 8, 1816.

ROSIN SOAP.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received a supply of ROSIN SOAP, which they offer for Sale. *Also,*

21 Kegs superior manufactured TOBACCO.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816.

FOR SALE,

A STOUT healthy Negro WOMAN. She was 21 years old the 6th. day of March last, and has to serve until 26. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber.

LEWIS PETERS.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1816.

NEW GOODS.

Just received from Philadelphia, an elegant assortment of

British, India and American

GOODS,

Also, a good supply of

Groceries and Queensware.

A few Kegs LEIPER'S PHILADELPHIA TOBACCO,

For Sale by GEORGE WATSON,
Diamond Alley.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1815. 5t

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE *TRACT* of *LAND,* containing 177 acres, situate in Deer township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of Robert Miller, James Love and others, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements consist of two story log dwelling House, and about 15 acres cleared. This tract is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, in the City of Pittsburgh, being 45 feet front on Irwin Street and 64 feet deep, on which is erected a two story Frame House, 21 feet front and 32 feet deep, well finished, and other convenient buildings. This Lot is subject to two dollars per foot annually, forever. To suit purchasers I will sell that part of the Lot on which the House stands separately; the residue of the ground will have the advantage of two gables to build to.

ALSO,

A LOT of GROUND, situate in O'Hara's extension of Pittsburgh, being 30 feet in front and 30 feet in depth. On this Lot there is no building, but it has the advantage of two gable ends to build to. It is subject to a yearly rent forever of twenty five dollars.

For terms, which will be made easy, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, or to the subscriber living on the premises in Irwin Street.

RICHARD LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1816.

S. & J. Thompson,

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,

Have just received a large supply of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

REMOVAL.

Bradley & Butler,

TAYLORS.

THANKFUL for past favors, inform their Friends, Customers and the Public in general, that they have removed from their old stand to the east side of Market Street, between First and Second Streets, next door to D. S. Scully's Auction Store, where they carry on business as usual, and will be able to execute orders in their line with neatness and dispatch.

They have on hand *SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, STOCKINET, and VESTING,* which they will sell at a small advance.

Wanted, Four or Five Journeymen, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1816. tf

WILLIAMS'S

Wholesale and Retail Store,

Market, between 3d & 4th streets.

SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country Merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth	Extra and common calicoes
Fine and coarse do,	Do. furniture do.
Coatings & cassinetts	Furniture dimity
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted	Cambrick do.
Coarse stockinetts	Gingham
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet cassimeres, &c.	Fancy muslins
Pelisse cloths & flannel	Cambrick do.
	4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 diaper, &c. &c. &c.
Leventine silks	Italian & Canton crapes
Florences	Large assortment silk shawls and handkfs.
Shenshaws	Long and short silk gloves
Mantuas	Silk hose
Florentines	Laces, &c. &c.
Camnells	
Sasenetts	

GROCERIES.

Coffee	Rice
Teas	Allspice
Copperas	Pepper
Alum	Cinnamon
Madder	Cloves
Indigo	Nutmegs
Segars	Tobacco.
Chocolate	

Assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1816.

MILL STONES.

THE subscriber has removed a pair of MILL STONES from the public landing. They have been laying there for many years. By making enquiry the owner could not be found—they are much defaced, and appear to be useless for the purpose of grinding grain. Finding they will answer my purpose, I agree to pay to the owner a fair price, to deliver them up on demand.

B. JONES, *near the Post-Office.*

PITTSBURGH

Soap & Candle Manufactory,

SECOND, BETWEEN FERRY AND MARKET STREETS.

THE Subscriber having considerably enlarged his Works, is ready to receive orders for supplying SOAP, hard or soft, which he engages to deliver on as good terms as can be procured from any other quarter.

Large speculations for the purpose of sending over the mountains, having drained the necessary supplies of Tallow from the market, obliges him to apologise for his present inability to supply the demand for Candles. He hopes his friends will see the necessity of prompt payment, in order to prevent in future such a procedure, to counteract which is indispensably necessary, as it is a fact beyond doubt that the markets at the most productive seasons are barely sufficient to meet the increasing wants of the inhabitants, in an article so necessary.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

May 10, 1816.

MORIER'S Journey through Persia, Armenia, and Asia Minor to Constantinople, 1 vol 8vo. with 4 plates and a map.

Mawe's Travels in Brazil, 1 vol. 8vo. plates and Maps.

NEW NOVELS.
- Rhoda, 2 vols.
- The Heart and the Fancy, by Miss Benger, 1 vol.
- Paired not Matched, or Matrimony in the 19th Century.
- Varieties of Life, or Conduct and Consequences, 2 vols.
- Patience and Perseverance, 2 vols.
- Discipline, 2 vols.

Paul's Letters to his Kinsfolk, by Walter Scott.
Siege of Corinth, by Lord Byron.

AT R. PATTERSON'S
Bookstore, Fourth Street.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1816.

JAMES HANSON,

Saddler,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the *SADDLING BUSINESS* in Fourth Streets, a few doors west of Market Street, in the City of Pittsburgh, where he intends carrying on said business in all its various branches, and he flatters himself, that by his strict attention to business that he will merit a share of public patronage.

June 20, 1816.

Turnpike Notice.

(Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Company)

ON the 6th of July next, the 60 days will expire, within which the 8th Instalment is payable. On the 8th or 9th of the same month, the Treasurer will attend in Pittsburgh, to call on the Stockholders for the payment of said Instalment, and to institute suits against those, who at that time, have not paid the seventh instalment. To save the Company, likewise the Contractors from great loss, those steps have become unavoidable.

WILLIAM FRIEDT, Treas'r.

June 22, 1816.

Mr. Luckey will receive Instalments, and pass receipts therefor, as usual.

To Manufacturers.

A PERSON who, having been a Manufacturer of Cotton, is perfectly well acquainted with the spinning of it by principles, to any degree of fineness that may be required, offers to take charge of a Cotton Factory, already in operation, or to superintend the building of a new one; the making of Machinery upon the plans the most approved in Europe, and to set the same in operation: likewise to superintend the Weaving department, as well as the bleaching of the Cloth, in a most elegant manner, by chemical process. Unquestionable references shall be produced.

A note, stating the name of the place, the firm of the company, the number of spindles already in operation, or intended to be set in operation; the quantity of looms, and the proposed compensation for a stipulated time, shall be attended to, if directed to A. Z. and left at the Gazette Office.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1816.

CITY ELECTION.

THE freemen of the city of Pittsburgh, citizens of Pennsylvania or of the United States, who have resided within the bounds of the said city at least one year immediately preceding the time of election, and within that time paid a borough or city tax, are notified to meet at the Court house in said city, on the first Tuesday in July next, and elect by ballot fifteen persons qualified to serve as members of the house of representatives of this commonwealth, to be members of the COMMON COUNCIL of the said city—and nine persons qualified to serve as senators of this commonwealth, to be members of the SELECT COUNCIL of the said city.

CHARLES WILKINS, Jr. BURGESS.

June 18, 1816.

Schultz's Patent Composition for Preserving Butter,

THE efficacy of which has been tested in most of the Dairys of Great-Britain and America.

Butter cured in this way may be preserved fresh as when first churned 7 years, by the use of this mixture. The manner of using it is very simple; one teaspoon full of this composition, with an equal quantity of common salt, is sufficient to preserve a pound of Butter for any length of time.

N. B. It must be observed, that Butter cured in this way, does not taste well until it has stood at least three weeks.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

At their wholesale and retail Apothecary, Drug and Paint Store, Wood Street.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1816.

FURTHER EXTRACTS

From Memoranda in Europe in 1815—16.

We made the coast of France after a passage of 30 days across the Atlantic—It was during the month of August, and fiercer storms than then never lashed the ocean into rage. Having never relinquished the sight of land before, nor seen any country but my own, it will not appear singular, that cold philosophy, which induced me to consider all countries alike, built with houses and inhabited by men should yield to feelings of romance and admiration; for the scenes which awaited me seem to be prepared by enchantment.

The first vessel we spoke off the shore hoisted the white flag of the Bourbons, and announced to us those astonishing events, Bonaparte's defeat and surrender. This alone seemed to place us in a new world, a world no longer subject to his controul.

We landed at Morlaix, built with massive stone, in a mountainous and romantic country, resembling the towering heights of Wales. But abrupt heights and craggy cliffs, elegant from their thick tissue of purple heath flowers, have left ground enough for cultivation. Picturesque, chateaus, where flowers, shrubs and groves vie with and rival each other, but unite in adding splendour to the scene, are seated in grounds where ornamental and luxuriant agriculture have attained perfection. In the city itself, their highest cliffs are espaliered, every nook of rock which admits of earth is in cultivation, and you see gardens in the clouds peering over the loftiest buildings.

We landed in the season of harvest—the whole population seemed turned out to greet us. The sky is clear and serene, and the fields are filled with reapers, men, women and children; on the public promenade four or five hundred of both sexes and all ages, were dancing together, to the simple music of a tabor and pipe.

But all this romantic scene was stale and ordinary, in comparison to the wonderful assemblage of mankind in this country. The mightiest monarchs of this world, with all the splendid pageantry of courts, and pride, pomp and circumstance of glorious war, were here. The most glorious heroes who are blazed in history, and their triumphant armies, sublime assemblies of innumerable troops were here. All Europe and the remote confines of Asia had contributed their population, and the world appeared to be assembled to celebrate an universal jubilee.

NEW-YORK, *June* 13.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the brig Falcon, from Londonderry, the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received Irish papers of the 7th, containing London dates to the 2d of May, and Paris accounts to the 27th of April. The extracts we have given shew at least, that jealousies exist between the high powers of Europe, which may lead to new troubles.

The accounts from Ireland represent the commerce of that country to be in a very languid state.

LONDON, May 2.

On Friday last, lord Cochrane brought forward his charges in the House of Commons against the Lord Chief Justice, for partiality and corruption in the case wherein Lord Cochrane was tried two years ago, for the fraud practised on the stock exchange. The charges were supported by Sir Francis Burdett, to whom, and the noble mover of the question, were opposed the entire House of Commons, of course the charges fell to the ground, and on motion of Mr. Ponsonby, seconded by Lord Castlereagh, they were expunged from the journals of the House.

DUBLIN, May 3.

The English mail, due yesterday, arrived in the regular course, bringing the London Journals of Monday, and another day's French papers.

The Bourbons, in France, have, by a new and unequivocal act, proved themselves the worthy allies and assistants of their kinsman, Ferdinand of Spain. A number of those brave Spaniards, called Liberalis, who assisted in delivering their country from Bonaparte and a French invasion, and who had taken refuge in France against the sanguinary persecutions of the beloved sovereign, whom they had succeeded in restoring, have been arrested in Paris by order of the French government, and will, no doubt, be delivered up to Ferdinand, to be disposed of as he thinks proper.—Among the number of those arrested is the celebrated Mina.

State of France.—The Duke of Wellington has returned to Paris. His journey to Brussels and the Hague has given rise to various rumours and speculations, which, if well founded, are of the highest importance, and may ultimately lead to events which would once more change altogether the political situation of Europe. The state of things must, one should think, be critical, which would not permit the Duke to cross over from the Hague to attend the marriage ceremony of his future queen.

Private letters give different versions of the following rumours. We subjoin two statements—the first dated the 24th April, is from the Morning Chronicle; the other dated the 25th, from the Courier—

"PARIS, April 24.

"The Duke of Wellington arrived at Paris on the night before last. The Aid de Camp of the Emperor Alexander, whose arrival here I mentioned in my last, brings despatches of which one of the objects is to withdraw from the Duke the command of the Russian army in France, which he holds as generalissimo of the allied forces. The precise cause of the difference existing between the Russian and British cabinets, cannot long remain a secret to the public; it would appear that they relate to the settlement of a new order of things in contemplation in this country. According to the most prevalent opinions, these differences arise from pretensions set up by Russia in favour of the young prince of Orange, in the event of the reigning family of France being removed from the throne. The expediency of the latter measure, for the general tranquility of France and that of Europe, is understood to be now sensibly felt by the allies. An article which has lately appeared in the Belgium Moniteur, is thought to be remarkable, under the present circumstances. The article, which is a most flattering eulogy of the young prince of Orange, concludes with the remark, that the young prince justifies already the high destinies to which he may be called. The high destinies, in the opinion of many, are obviously the throne of France—The government of the Low Countries in concert with that of Russia, are certainly taking steps in that view. They lately made overtures to a character of great eminence in this country, who suspecting M. de Richelieu's feelings on that point, ventured to confide to him the communication he had received.—That minister replied, "such overtures do not surprise me, you may be further consulted on the same subject." Whence it would appear, that M. de Richelieu is not a stranger to the Russian plan, in favour of the young prince, and that he presides over the government of France, as it has always been thought, under the immediate influence of Russian councils. In the hypothesis of such a change of dynasty, the late vote of credit for the six millions demanded of M. Richelieu, might be supposed a provision for the retiring princess."

"PARIS, April 25.

"We are all occupied here in conjectures and reflections of the probable result of a treaty of alliance which is reported to have been signed between the Emperor of Russia, his Majesty of Prussia, and the King of the Netherlands. It is said that the object of the Duke of Wellington's visit to the Hague is to obtain an explanation of the king of the Netherlands as to the intentions of the high contracting parties in this triple alliance. The noble duke is particularly interested in acquiring an exact knowledge of the object of this treaty, as it is generally said that Russia has manifested a wish to deprive his lordship of the command of the Allied army stationed on the French frontiers, and to offer it to the Prince of Orange. What degree of credit is to be attached to these reports I will not say. I yesterday heard a Russian gentleman say, that it was absolutely necessary that Austria should cede Gallicia to the Emperor Alexander, who never could or would be satisfied until that province was added to his dominions. It appears that Russia has become the fast friend and firm supporter of the King of the Netherlands. To Russian influence is attributed the little attention which has been paid to the remonstrances of this court relative to the protection and asylum afforded to the French regicides in Belgium. Many persons suppose that the result of this triple alliance will be the forming of a similar treaty between England, France and Austria. But recollect that what I send you is but report—and the report of Paris!!

LAVALETTE.

LONDON, April 29—The following letter from Sir Robert Wilson to Earl Grey, was *intercepted* by the French government, and is one of the documents upon which the charges against Sir Robert are founded:

SIR R. WILSON TO EARL GREY.

"It was determined (says Sir R Wilson) that the fugitive should wear the English uniform; that I should conduct him without the barriers in an English cabriolet, wearing the uniform myself;—that I should have a relay horse at La Chapelle, and proceed from thence to Compiegne, where Ellister should repair with my carriage, into which I should afterwards travel with Lavalette to Mons, by the way of Cambray. I had no difficulty in procuring from Sir Charles Stewart, at my request, and on my responsibility, passports for Gen. Wallis and Col Lesnock, names which we chose because they were not preceded by Christian names. The passports were duly countersigned by the minister for Foreign Affairs, but when they were presented for signature, one of the secretaries asked who Col Lesnock was? He immediately replied, it is the father of the Admiral. This object accomplished, Ellister took the passports for his carriage: and finally, to avoid all suspicion, took an apartment and a coach house at the Hotel de Heider, in the name of Col Lesnock. Bruce fortunately learned that the brigade, commanded by his cousin, Gen. Brisbane, at Comoiegne, with the horses and baggage belonging to the General, who was then in England. We saw the Aid de camp at Bruce's where we met by appointment. He told him that very particular circumstances obliged us to pass through Compiegne with a person who must remain unknown, we wished to stop an hour or two in a remote and retired quarter. He frankly replied, that he would trust entirely to us on the subject; that his existence depended on preserving his situation, but that he would not hesitate to accede to our proposition, particularly since he saw we were interested in the affair. I avow that I felt repugnance at implicating such a person in this affair: but the cause was too important to stop at that consideration, and I encouraged the hope that a day would one time arrive in which it might be possible for me to acknowledge this service. Bruce procured Lavalette's measure, and Hutchinson gave it to a tailor, saying it was the measure of a Quarter Master of his regiment, who wanted a great coat, waistcoat and pantaloons, but did not need a suit. The tailor observed that it was the measure of a tall man, and that it had not been taken by a tailor.

His remark alarmed me so much that I thought it was advisable to send Hutchinson to say to him, that as the Quarter Master could not wait till Saturday evening it was necessary that the cloths should be carefully packed up, and that they would be forwarded to him after his departure. Hutchinson and Ellister took besides all necessary precautions with respect to the horses, and reconnoitred the barriers in a promenade on the preceding day. Every precaution for avoiding accidents being adopted, it was finally agreed that Lavalette should be removed to Hutchinson's lodgings on Sunday, Jan. 7, at half past nine in the evening precisely; and that next day, at half past seven in the morning, equally precise. I should be at his door with Bruce's cabriolet, my servant, the servant on my mare, well equiped, as if I were going to make an inspection. That Hutchinson should ride along by the side of the cabriolet, keeping up conservation with us, and that in case any embarrassments occurred, Lavalette should mount my horse and I the mare, in order that we might act more freely and gain in expedition.

I should certainly have preferred passing the barriers on horseback,—but it was thought that the manner of riding on horseback might attract attention, and that passing the barriers in full day, and in an open carriage, would shew too much confidence to give cause for suspicion.

The hour being at last arrived, Ellister, Bruce and myself, repaired to Hutchinson's apartments, under the pretext of a party for punch; at the moment when Lavalette was to present himself, Bruce advanced to the top of the stairs, Lavalette took him by the hand, and we saw before us this interesting personage. He was dressed in a blue uniform, and sufficiently disguised to pass without remark in the apartment of an Englishman. The friend who conducted him did not enter the room, but he delivered at Hutchinson's a pair of double-barrelled pistols for Lavalette. He appeared at first much moved. We did not permit him to give vent to all his sentiments of gratitude, but a few moments after, Elister and I withdrew, and left him to the care of Hutchinson and Bruce.

"Next day at half past seven, I was at Hutchison's door. In five minutes I had seated Lavalette, and we were on our way to the bar of Clichy. We met an English Officer, who appeared surprised at seeing a General officer who he did not know. But my servant avoided all questions; I passed the barrier at a moderate pace; the gendarmes, looked earnestly at us, but the presenting of arms gave Lavalette the opportunity of covering his face in returning the salute. When he got through the barrier, Lavalette pressed his leg against mine, and when we were out of the reach of observation, his whole countenance appeared enlivened by this first favour of fortune.

"The road was full of all sorts of people; but whenever we met the Diligence, I began to converse with a loud voice in English, and I remarked that my hat, which was mounted with a white plume, and which Lavalette held in his hand, attracted the notice of the passengers, and withdrew their attention from us.

"Lavalette has such marked features, and his person is so well known to all the post masters, that the greatest care was necessary. At La Chapelle, where we changed horses, we experienced a moment's alarm at the sight of four gendarmes who hovered about us. But Hutchinson, on being questioned by them, relieved us from their importunes by replying, that we were going to choose cantonments for a division of the English army. We were obliged to pass close to other gendarmes, who had with them bills containing the description of Lavalette; and where I ought to remark, that these bills had been distributed to almost every individual in France. On approaching Compiegne I observed some grey hairs projecting from under the brown wig worn by Lavalette. Fortunately I had scissors with me, and I performed the part of his friseur on the road.

"On entering Compeigne we found the serjeant mentioned by capt Fravol, who conducted us through the town to a quarter extremely well chosen, for we were not incommoded by spectators in the streets. None saw us enter except the soldiers and the English servants who attended us.—While we waited for Elister with the carriage, Mr. F. presented us with refreshments. Finally, towards night, as had been agreed upon, Ellister arrived with the carriage, which had left Paris by the barrier of St. Denis, and was followed to La Chapelle by two gendarmes. I caused the lamps to be lighted, as well to shew us our road as to make it appear that we were under no apprehensions; and having taken leave of our friends, we set out, *well armed, and prepared to make resistance, if we experienced any obstacle.*—We were much questioned at the stations for the relays, but we experienced no delay till we reached Cambray, where we lost three hours at the gates, owing to the fault of the English guard, who having no orders from the gate keeper, was not to be induced to do so notwithstanding all we could say to him—a negligence which has already been attended with inconvenience to the government, and which might have been fatal to us. In passing through Valenciennes we were strictly examined three times over, and our passports sent to the commandant. We underwent another examination at some distance from that garrison, and this was the last. We did not stop, except at Mons, where we dined, and made arrangements for the future journey of Lavalette. I wrote several letters to facilitate the means by which he might reach his destination, and having provided every thing that appeared best for his health and comfort, I took leave of him and returned to Paris yesterday evening by the route of Maubuge, Boissons, and la Porte St. Martin, after an absence of 60 hours."

NEW YORK, JUNE 13.

The brig Falcon, Lewis, in 32 days from Londonderry, brings Irish papers to the 7th ultimo. The only interesting article in them is the trial of Sir Robert Wilson, Bruce, and capt. Hutchinson, for assisting in Lavalett's escape. They were found guilty of the charges, and sentenced to three months imprisonment; which is the slightest punishment the law prescribes for the offence.

The Duke of Wellington has returned to Paris. His journey to Brussels and the Hague has given rise to various rumors and speculation.

WILLIAM HILL,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms, *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, muff-muff, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1 case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and sensaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scarlet and flag Band, silks.
Silk and common Madras handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Lined and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Blue and yellow nankeen
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 a 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Waldron's prime grass and corn Scythes by the dozen
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine,
Sherry, Teneriffe and Port wine,
French Brandy,
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, galls, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.
Sickles by the dozen,
Patent Shot
Salt by the barrell
Writing Paper by the ream.

W. H. Is at all times enabled to execute orders for country linen, flax and tow, thread in cuts, twilled bags, country half hose, butter in kegs.

Pittsburgh, June 4, 1816. tf

Mechanics Retreat,

At the GREEN COTTAGE, *facing Mr. Jelly's Factory, Turnpike Road,*

IS OPENED,

WHERE an assortment of LIQUORS of the very best quality are Kept. Turtle and other Soups every Wednesday and Sunday.—A share of public patronage is solicited.

June 14, 1816.

MINERAL WATERS.

Soda and Seltzer Waters,

To be had at the corner of Wood and Second Streets.

The high estimation and general use of these Waters in all the populous cities of the union, are the best evidences of the salutary effects of this delightful and refreshing drink. The public are assured that the Waters will be prepared in the best manner.

Pittsburgh, June 6, 1816.

Valuable Improved Lands FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land* situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 300 acres, on which is erected an excellent Brick Dwelling House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Distillery, in complete operation, about 100 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

The Stills, with all the implements for distilation, will be sold with the premises.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 70 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of ground attached to it.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERRMAN.

June 6, 1816.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, situate on the south side of and adjoining Monongahela River, below Nobles's Ferry, about 4 or 5 miles above Pittsburgh, containing 157 Acres, between 60 and 70 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There are erected on the premises a large Dwelling House, a good Barn, &c.

Persons wishing to view the property may call on Mr. Laughlin, on the premises, and for terms apply to,

JAMES M RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, June 15, 1816.

Valuable Property FOR SALE, At Public Vendue.

THE subscriber will expose for Sale at Public Vendue, on Thursday the 1st day of July next, on the premises, that well known TAVERN, sign of Captain Lawrence, on the Turnpike Road, two miles from the City of Pittsburgh, formerly occupied by Wm. Alexander Hill, and now by John W. Ross, Esq to which is attached about 6 acres of land lying on both sides of the Turnpike road.

At the same time will be sold THIRTY LOTS of Ground of different sizes, from an acre to six acres, fronting on the turnpike and the state road, leading to the town of Butler, and adjoining the village of Lawrenceville. Some of these Lots have convenient dwelling houses. One two story frame house and four lots of ground adjoining it in Lawrenceville, now occupied by Thomas Grant and Samuel Byington, situate on Chelsea, on the Allegheny river. One two story brick house and lot now occupied by William Bennett. Fifty-six in-lots in the town of Lawrenceville and 28 1-2 acres of land, about two miles from Pittsburgh, and one hundred perches from the turnpike road, adjoining lands of James O'Hara, Jonas Roup and Margaret Logan; on which there is a good cooper shop in complete repair & it is confidently believed that the whole of it contains as fine timber of quality which can be easily obtained. Any person desirous of viewing the said lots of ground will apply to James O'Neil who resides on it.

I will also sell at private sale a good family horse and Chaise at the corner of Ross and Cherry alley in the city of Pittsburgh. The lot is one hundred and ten feet front on Sixth street, and one hundred and twenty feet deep. Also, a two story frame house in Diamond alley, between Wood and Smithfield streets, well calculated for two families, now occupied by Jacob Funk and Charles Wedge. The terms of payment for the whole of the said described property will be one sixth part in hand, and the residue in five equal annual payments, with interest.

A draft of the property in and near Lawrenceville, may be seen at the house of James Monteith, Pittsburgh; at the house of John W. Ross, Esq Two Mile Run; at the house of George Hogle, Esq Lawrenceville, and at the house of the subscriber, near Lawrenceville.

I also wish to sell for Cash, a yearly rent from ground rents in Pittsburgh of 22 dollars, payment secured by good tenants and property. If the Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh are not sold at private sale, they will be offered at public vendue on the first day of August next, at the Auction store of Mr. Denny S. Smith, in Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1816.

Allegheny Bridge.

WE, the subscribers, being three of the persons named in the act of incorporation passed by the governor of this commonwealth bearing date the 31st day of May 1816, for incorporating the stockholders for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, do hereby give notice to the subscribers to the capital stock of said Bridge, to meet at the house of Henry Abrae, in Pittsburgh, at 12 o'clock on Monday the 8th day of July next, to proceed to organize the said corporation, and choose by a majority of votes, to be taken by ballot, to be delivered either in person or by proxy, One President, Ten Managers, One Treasurer and One Clerk, to conduct the business of said corporation during one year, and until other officers be chosen.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.
WILLIAM HAYS,
JAMES O'HARA,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,
HUGH DAVIS,
THOMAS CROMWELL.

June 8, 1816.

Allegheny Bridge.

THE necessary amount of stock for building a bridge over the Allegheny river having been subscribed, and the company being incorporated by the governor, Architects and Bridge Builders are invited to examine the scite, and make proposals for the erection of the bridge.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.
WILLIAM HAYS,
JAMES O'HARA,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,
HUGH DAVIS,
THOMAS CROMWELL.

June 8, 1816.

CASH.

ONE DOLLAR CASH per Bushel will be given for RYE and CORN, 25 Cts per bushel Steam Mill. WHEAT 50 Cts. OATS 25 Cents, part credit.

GEORGE EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1816.

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1816.

We are sometimes amused by that facility of declamation, with which the thorough-going editor of the Commonwealth rails thro' his columns. In his last paper, he has gratified and bewildered his readers by the mild effusions of democratic disappointment, on a late occasion. In his own peculiar pathetic language, he assures us, "that the approaching *city election* is—an all-important day—you (meaning those unambitious democrats who are not at all eager for power,) *either* triumph FOREVER over the delusions of an AMBITIOUS FACTION eager for power—or you must, at down the blind slaves of those who would introduce in your city elections, all the malignity of party passions and political bigotry, to the utter exclusion of domestic quietness," &c.—This alternative is singularly striking; for both prongs point exactly the same way. To triumph one's-self, or to set one's opposers down, is a mode of speaking, which reminds us of the Hibernian, who, when jumping into bed, exclaimed to his companion, "I will sleep on this side of the bed; on which side will you sleep?"

Much as the English language has been abused in this part of the world, the words *to find* and *see* have not been promiscuously used, except by the editor of the Commonwealth. We hope to be pardoned for *setting* him right in the present instance.

After so much jargon, which chimes very harmoniously with the placid spirit of the writer of that splendid paragraph, we are politely informed that several respectable men of the federal party, waited upon numbers of the democratic republicans "and offered their names as the guarantee that the federalists were willing to form a ticket for the councils in which a union of political interests might prevail."—What, gentle reader, do you apprehend, was the consequence? Why—Oh! terrible to relate—"this solemn pledge trampled over the acquired caution of the republicans, and they suffered the *honest simplicity of their* natures to be imposed on."—*This* was abominable.—What! impose on *the* HONEST SIMPLICITY *of their* natures. We *cannot persuade* ourselves to believe that this thing were at all possible.

It might here be remarked, that whatever a few of the "grave federalists" chose to do in an ex-parte way, without the direction or concurrence of a meeting of their friends, might not, perhaps, to have been considered "as a sacred pledge," until sanctioned by the general assent of their associates. And yet we find that those who are accused of thus wantonly trifling with the expectations of their political opponents, actually redeemed the pledge by complying with the terms of the proposition. And the editor acknowledges that those they complain of so bitterly, acted with such moderation, as to divide their ticket between themselves and the very democrats who express *themselves* so *furiously* on the occasion.

We would fain hope that there are amongst our readers, many who will draw a fair comparison between the temper of our expressions, and of those which we take the liberty to republish, for the benefit and proper illumination of those who may not yet have been initiated into the cabalistic mysteries of modern demagogueism. "Do not fellow-citizens, suffer yourselves to be the dupes of their arts, the victims of their deceit, support democrats & democracy alone—come to the polls with an *undivided determination* to AVENGE the affront which has been put upon you by unanimously *supporting your own* PARTY," &c. &c.

We refer our readers to No. 13, of the Commonwealth, (new series) for this admirable specimen of convincing eloquence. The Lancastrian, from so dove-like a temperament, appears so well calculated to sooth the present disturbances, that we shall be greatly surprised, if it fail to produce its intended effect upon the public mind.

At a numerous meeting of the Federalists on Tuesday Evening last, it was resolved to support the following Ticket at the City Election:—

Select Council.—James Ross, Oliver Ormsby, William Hays, John Scull, Dr. George Stevenson, John Roseburgh, John M'Donald, Anthony Beelen, and Robert Simpson.

Common Council.—William Wilkins, James R. Butler, John P. Skelton, Josiah Oliver, C. C. Febiger, John Liggett, Alexander Johnston, Jr. James S. Stevenson, Thomas Cromwell, James Brown 2d, William Hill, John K. M'Nickle, David Pride, Paul Anderson, and Geo. Allison.

It was resolved, That Andrew Wilkins, Robert Magee, George Shiras, John Watts, William Arthurs, William Robinson, Jr. James Adams, John Davis, (city) Lewis Peters, John Means, Jas. Semple, and Edward Smallman, be a committee to distribute tickets among the citizens.

☞ Tickets will be ready for delivery at the Gazette Office, on Monday.

(By Request.)

CITY ELECTION.

A number of respectable citizens, desirous of preserving that harmony which has for several years past, so happily prevailed in the borough councils, and which is so essential to the prosperity of our infant city, have formed the following *Ticket*. They recommend it to the mild, dispassionate consideration of their fellow citizens; and they flatter themselves, that it will, on the day of the election, meet with a firm and honorable support. It is formed, as tickets of the kind ought to be, without respect to party. No one can exist any possible ground for animosity, that party feuds and animosity should be called up on occasions like the present. Every consideration of the interest and of the peace and good order of the city, forbids it.—Our city is yet in its infancy.—Its government is to be organized, its ordinances framed, its police established, and its general police devised. In accomplishing these important objects, great prudence, deliberation, forbearance, and the *undivided support of all classes of the citizens* are essentially necessary. Hence arises the necessity of checking, in the bud, any and every attempt, coming from whatever quarter it may, which would have a tendency to sow disunion and distrust among the people.

Actuated by these reasons, the following ticket is recommended to the free and independent voters. Their aid and co-operation is solicited in checking the evils which may arise out of party feuds. The gentlemen composing the ticket here recommended, have been chosen with due regard to their local situations; they are respectable in private life; they are well qualified for discharging the duties which will devolve upon them as members of the councils, and are deeply interested in the growth, prosperity, and good order of the infant city.

Select Council.—John Wrensball, B. Bakewell, James Ross, Thomas Cromwell, John Hannen, E. Pentland, Dr. George Stevenson, George Shiras, Robert Patterson.

Common Council.—James Lea, Walter Forward, John Lyttle, Alexander Johnston, Jr. George Miltenberger, Jas. Irwin, Richard Bowen, M. Stackhouse, John W. Johnston, Paul Anderson, John P. Skelton, George Boggs, James R. Butler, John Caldwell, George Evans.

Our Magnanimous Governor refused to pay his Taxes.

The Taxes.—Our notice of Governor Snyder's refusal to pay his Borough Tax, has not been lost upon majesty. When the collector *called again*, his Excellency informed him, that "he would have paid the Tax, but for the *fool* printer putting it in the paper."

Since that publication another Borough Tax has been laid, and an appeal held. The Governor addressed a long memoir to the Court of Appeal, urging the unconstitutionality of the Tax. With his wanted shrewdness he argues thus—that the compensation of the Governor shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and that this Tax diminishes the compensation; and that, therefore it is unconstitutional."

The Court of Appeal, however, have decided against his Excellency, and he takes nothing by his motion. *(Harrisburgh Chron.*

More Comfort for the People.

Orders have been issued from the Treasury Department for the *immediate* assessment and collection of the Direct Tax for the year 1816.

Distinguished Liberality.—We understand, that *Elias Boudinot*, Esq. the worthy President of the American Bible Society, has presented to that Institution the generous donation of *Ten Thousand Dollars*.

Mr. Charles Redheffer, the inventor of a machine called a *Perpetual Motion*, has addressed a letter to Governor Snyder, requesting him to appoint a committee to investigate his discovery, and set the question at rest in relation to its genuineness.

The Hon. Christopher Gore has resigned his seat in the Senate of the United States. The Legislature of Massachusetts has chosen the Hon. Eli. P. Ashman, to fill the vacancy.

The Hon. Harrison Gray Otis, is elected a Senator of the United States for Massachusetts, to supply the place of the Hon. Mr. Varnum, whose term of service expires on the 4th of March next.

Boston folks are full of notions.—As an equivalent for being cut off by the treaty from disposing of their surplus salt fish, in the West-Indies, it is proposed in one of their public prints, that they shall revive the old custom of dining every Saturday on salt fish, and thus become their own consumers: No bad notion neither. *N. Y. Evening Post.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New-Orleans to the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette, dated 30th May, 1816.

"You have no doubt heard of the breach in the levee or embankment of the Mississippi, a small distance above our city. It has laid one fourth of the city & Fauxburgh under water, although the water now recedes a little, yet the fear of sickness in consequence of the inundation will cause many to remove from the city, and has cast a gloom over business that will not be removed before next fall."

The following interesting particulars, relative to Col. Boon, the first settler of Kentucky, were communicated to the Editors of the N. York Columbian, in a letter from an officer at Fort Osage, Missouri Territory:—

"We have been honoured by a visit from Col. Boon, the first settler of Kentucky: he lately spent two weeks with us. This singular man could not live in Kentucky when it became settled. He has established a colony or settlement, as mentioned, on the Missouri, about 100 miles below us, which has been nearly destroyed by the Indians during the late war. The Col. cannot live without being in the woods. He goes a hunting twice a year to the remotest wilderness he can reach; and hires a man to go with him, whom he binds in written articles to take care of him, and bring him home, dead or alive. He left this for the river Platt, some distance above. Colonel Boon is 85 years of age, five feet seven inches high, stoutly made, and active for one of his years; is still of vigorous mind, and is pretty well informed. He has taken part in all the wars of America, from before Braddock's war to the present hour. He has held respectable state appointments, both civil and military; has been a colonel, a legislator, and a magistrate; he might have accumulated riches as readily as any man in Kentucky; but *he prefers the woods*, where you see him in the dress of the roughest, poorest hunter."

INTENSE STUDY.

DEMOSTHENES' application to study was surprising. To be the more removed from noise, and less subject to distraction, he caused a small chamber to be made for him under ground, in which he shut himself up, sometimes for whole months, shaving on purpose half his head and face that he might not be in a condition to go abroad. It was there, by the light of a small lamp, he composed the admirable orations, which were said, by those who envied him, to smell of the oil—to imply that they were too elaborate. "It it plain, replied he, your's did not cost you so much trouble." He rose very early in the morning, and used to say that he was sorry when any workman was at his business before him. He copied Thucydides' history eight times with his own hand, in order to render the style of that great man familiar to him.

FREDERICK MOREL had so strong an attachment to study, that, when he was informed of his wife's being at the point of death, he would not lay down his pen till he had finished what he was upon; and when she was dead, as she was before they could prevail upon him to stir, he was only heard to reply, "I am very sorry, she was a good woman."

SIR ISAAC NEWTON, it is said, when he had any mathematical problems or solutions in his mind, would never quit the subject on any account. Dinner has often been three hours ready for him before he could be brought to the table. His man often said, when he has been getting up of a morning he has sometimes begun to dress, and with one leg in his breeches sit down again on the bed, where he remained for hours before he has got his clothes on.—*Pet. Int.*

TURKISH BATH.

The following is extracted from a letter of a young gentlemen of Philadelphia, an officer on board one of the U. S. vessels to his father:—

Port Mahon, ——, 1816.

"A few days after leaving Leghorn the bad weather induced us to put into Palermo, where we remained four days. This gave me an opportunity of seeing that fine city, which for splendor and magnificence, surpasses any of those I have been at in these seas. The principal streets are spacious, the buildings grand, and the amusements and public resorts, which are numerous, contribute not a little to please a stranger. The climate is one of the finest in the world; the whole face of the country being clothed with green in December, and the soil very fruitful, yielding every thing in abundance. At Tunis we remained a week. After leaving Palermo and visiting Tunis a very striking contrast is exhibited; the one as much calculated to disgust as the other is to please. The houses in the latter place are low, the streets narrow, dirty, and not paved. Besides this, every kind of filth thrown into them is suffered to remain, the Turks being too lazy and indolent to have it removed, notwithstanding the nauseous and offensive smell which it produces.

While at Tunis, I took a *Turkish Bath*, so much celebrated. The operation I underwent, I will briefly describe. I was first taken into an apartment for the purpose of undressing. There I saw a number of Turks wrapt up in rugs and blankets, lying on matts, who had just come out of the Bath. As soon as I had divested myself of my cloathing, I was led into a room, where the temperature of the air was about 100 deg. from thence into others still warmer, untill I was almost suffocated, when I was taken hold of by two Turks, who set me down on a marble slab and commenced scrubbing me. The excessive heat and steam had by this time effected a profuse perspiration. The operation I assure you was tremendously severe. After rubbing me for about fifteen minutes, they laid me down with the intention of disjointing or hauling my legs and arms out of their places, and then hauling them in again, as is customary; but against this procedure I exclaimed, when they desisted; and I thought I had paid dear enough for my curiosity. I was then rinced off with water so hot, that I thought it had taken off all the skin; and then led to the dressing room, when they wrapped me up in blankets, and laid me on a mat, to prevent my catching cold—After remaining in that state a short time, I took a dish of coffee as is the custom of baths, determined to go through the whole process, except the dislocation of joints—Then dressed myself, and walked off congratulating myself that I had not been more roughly handled.

In these baths no water is used, except to rinse you off, they cleansing altogether from steam & perspiration which the intense heat produces. In the room is a small grated window which admits light enough to discover objects in the bath and air sufficient to prevent suffocation. They are by no means pleasant, but I suppose the most effectual way in the world to cleanse the skin. Mahomet recommended purification to his disciples; and there are few Turks who do not take a bath once a day at least.—They go into the baths and remain until they are so weak, as to be scarcely able to walk: are then wrapped up as before described, take their coffee, and smoke their pipes with the greatest *gout* imaginable. In fine, any thing that produces lassitude affords them pleasure."

OFFICE OF THE NEW YORK GAZETTE,
June 16, 1816, *(Noon.)*

ARRIVAL OF THE FRENCH MINISTER.

On Saturday afternoon arrived at this harbor the French frigate Eurydice, commanded by captain Menard, in 29 days passage from Brest.

His Excellency Hyde de Neuville Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of France to the United States, has arrived in the frigate, with his family.

The following summary of news we have collected from the passengers.

The session of the French Chamber of Deputies was terminated. They were to meet again on the 1st of October.

Some changes have taken place in the Ministry. The Count Vaublanc, Minister of the Interior, has been nominated Minister of state, and member of the Private Council of the King. Mons. Laine, President of the Chamber of Deputies, has been called to the Ministry of the seals to Le Chan. D'Ambray, and has provisionally given him charge of the Ministry of Justice. Count Barbe Marbois has again taken his functions as President of the chamber of Deputies.—His majesty has thought it advisable to attach to each Ministry under-secretaries of state: the four already appointed are, M. De Trinquelague, for the Justice Department; Viscount d'Tabarie, for the war do.; Baron De la Bonelliere, for the Finance; Becquay, for the Interior. These Secretaries are members of the Chamber of Deputies.

Gen. Bertrand has been condemned to death.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

IT is some days since the author of the following lines heard of an institution lately formed in this place by our young Ladies, for the education of poor Children. An object so praise worthy ought to be sanctioned by all who wish well to the great cause of moral improvement, at a time, especially, when the daily pugilism of the gentlemen of Pittsburgh forms such a contrast to the benevolent exertions of the ladies.

With a view to encourage the amiable patrons of this charitable undertaking, this effusion is offered to the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette, who by giving it a place will oblige

— A READER.

IN these degenerate novel reading days
How hard to single, as a theme for praise,
One generous female who in, common life,
Fulfils the duty of a maid or wife!
The counterfeits of virtuous feelings ape
The heart's true tenderness in every shape,
And to *ideal* sorrows give such play
That genuine pity languishes away.

With deep regret the moral muse perceives,
How faultily the female bosom grieves—
Bosoms which, once with nature's bounty warm'd
Become at last unconsciously deform'd,
And by capricious taste are made to lose
The homage of the wreath-awarding muse.

Look where we will for female worth, we see
The poor *remains* of sensibility—
Affected feelings wearing out in vain,
Or kept alive by some romantick strain.
—See, with swollen eye and agitated look
The *child of fashion*, poring o'er her book,
Betrays at large the interest which she takes
In those distreses fondam Author makes,
Of some poor damsel who has missed her way,
In debt perhaps with nothing left to pay:
Foodless and shelterless the herome flies,—
A princess peradventure in disguise,—
Till all exhausted and quite out of breath
Some constant lover snatches her from death
And on the enamoured girl bestows his pelf,
A rich reward! encumbered with himself.

O'er volumes filled with tales like this, in heaps,
The MODERN LADY leans, and reads, and weeps,
Then rises up when she can read no more
To—spurn some *humble suppliant* from the door.
—Nor is it strange that they who feel so much
For *fancied woes* should lose compassion's touch;
Since hearts thus hackneyed need a short relief
And turn from all reality of grief.
Enough of satire. Willingly the bard
Turns to a theme more worthy of regard,
In hopes to make amends for one cross deed
By paying *female worth* its well earn'd meed.

O'er scenes of common life a liberal few
Have cast at length a well directed view,
And found in long neglected corners those
Who feel the weight of no ideal woes.
Impoverished parents there, with scarcely bread
To feed their babes beneath some open shed,
In rags and filth most awkwardly contrive,
To keep at best a starving group alive.
The ills we speak of and which now we mourn
Might, if but temporary, still be borne;
For transient ills and momentary grief
Look onward and anticipate relief.
But more enduring wretchedness is theirs
To whom our FEMALE BAND extends its cares,
Anxious by every help it can bestow
To parry off hereditary woe.

The children of the lame, the halt, the blind,
Have urgent claims on every generous mind;
For they in helpless infancy neglected
Can never hope to rise nor be respected.
When liberal minds devise a liberal plan
To bring about the greatest good they can,
They cast ahead the moral beaming glance
And step one generation in advance.
Hence we behold our heav'n directed band
Rise like a flame in this polluted land,
And passing by an intermediate race
Attempt to snatch the children from disgrace,
With grace illumined looks this sisterhood
Pace thro' our streets, as every Christian shou'd
With glowing hopes elate, and godly zeal
To spread the knowledge of the good they feel.

To vice infected huts we now perceive
The hand draws nigh to succour and relieve
Not by bestowing alms which might at best
Give transient ease to some poor wretch distress'd,
And which more surely and with more ostent
Might thus increase the vices we lament;
But by more kindly aiming to improve
The sphere of life in which those wretches move.
Instruction is the means these maidens choose,
To earn the plaudits of the approving muse—
That muse who watches with extreme delight
To see our Ladies in this cause unite,
And who if with a song she could inspire
This VESTAL THRONG to guard that *sacred fire*
Which has been kindled in their breasts, would fain
Provoke their efforts by her votive strain.

HOWARD.

Banks of the Monongahela

NOTICE.

☞ The Subscribers to the Pittsburgh ADELPHI SCHOOL, are requested to meet at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday the 1st July, in the lower room of the Masonic Lodge, for the purpose of electing President and Managers.

Village of Howard.

THE subscriber having laid out a Town on the Pittsburgh and Greensburgh Turnpike Road, between 9 and 10 miles from Pittsburgh, will Sell *TWENTY* of the LOTS by Public Sale, on the ground, on Wednesday the 24th July next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. One third part of the purchase money to be paid on execution of the deed, and the remainder secured to be paid in one year.

The situation of Howard is pleasant and healthy, the neighbourhood abounds with Coal. A plan of the Village may be seen at the Counting House of EVANS & BUTLER, in Pittsburgh; or at MYERS's Tavern, near the premises.

DAVID SHIELDS.

June 21, 1816.

A Young Man,

WHO has a knowledge of Business, and is capable of conducting a Country Store, and can come satisfactorily recommended, will get an advantageous situation, by applying to

WILLIAM HILL,
S. E. corner Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

June 24, 1816.

FOR SALE,

ALL the right and interest which the the subscriber has in the Steam Boat FRANKLIN, now lying at Penn Street Wharf, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM SHIRAS.

June 25, 1816.

FOR SALE.

Pork, Beef, Flour & Whiskey,

The Subscribers offer for Sale, at Detroit, in the Michigan Territory, the following Articles:—

1500 Barrels best Superfine Flour,
350 do. prime Salted Pork,
80 do. prime Salted Beef, and
350 do. 1st quality Monongahela Whisky

Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms, at a credit of three, six, and nine months, in good endorsed notes, payable at any of the Banks in New-York, Ohio, or Pennsylvania.

PENTLAND, BEGINS & STEELE.

Detroit, (M. T.) June 10, 1816.

FOR SALE,

Very Cheap for CASH,

Two acres of ground, situate

on the Monongahela Road, one mile from the City of Pittsburgh. The Land is of the first quality. An indisputable title will be given. For particulars apply to

JOHN IRWIN.

June 22, 1816.

JUST PUBLISHED, BY

S. ENGLES, Liberty Street,

(Price 25 Cents.)

AN ACT

Incorporating the City of Pittsburgh.

Passed March 18, 1816.

June 22, 1816.

Vernon & Skidmore,

LOUISVILLE, (KEN.)

WILL receive Consignments, procure Freights for Boats for Pittsburgh or New-Orleans, make Purchases, Store and forward Goods, Wares, &c. &c. on moderate terms. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & GRANT, Pittsburgh

June 6, 1816. 3m

FOR SALE.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 400 acres, in Venango County, on the road leading from Pittsburgh to Erie, at the crossing of Sandy creek. On the premises are erected a Cabin and large Barn, about 40 acres cleared, and an orchard of 50 apple trees. On the tract is a bank of iron ore, and an eligible seat for a furnace and forge.

Also, one other Tract of Land, containing 389 acres 78 perches, situate on the road from Pittsburgh to Franklin, about 5 miles from the latter place. There is a Cabin and Barn, 18 acres cleared, and 37 bearing apple trees on it, a large bed of iron ore, and a creek runs through the land containing sufficient water for iron works. An indisputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to Mr. JOHN DAVIS, at the lower ferry on the Allegheny River, Pittsburgh, who is fully authorised to make the sale and title.

ROBERT HYNER.

June 4, 1816.

N. B. If not Sold at Private Sale before Saturday the 29th June, inst. it will on that day be Sold at Public Auction at the Court-House in the City of Pittsburgh.

Last Notice.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, Taylor, gives this LAST NOTICE to all those who have accounts in his Books, from one year to four, who do not come forward within ten days from this date, to settle and discharge the same, will find their accounts in the hands of an Attorney for collection, without respect to persons, as he finds all other means to get his Books settled entirely unavailing.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1816.

Doct. N. SMITH,

SURGEON DENTIST.

RESPECTFULLY gives notice to the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, and its vicinity, that it is his determination to remain in this place—and he will gratefully receive, and punctually attend to all commands in each branch of his profession. He likewise feels under the greatest obligations to the citizens of Pittsburgh, for the liberal patronage which he has already received.—He deems it superfluous, even to mention the utility of artificial teeth, as he has inserted a considerable number, since his residence in this place.—Those that entertain doubts respecting the operation, are solicited to witness specimens of his performance. He still continues to insert artificial teeth—to mend, clean and extract natural ones.—The teeth which he inserts, are warranted.—If more convenient, he will attend ladies and gentlemen at their respective places of abode.

☞ Applications to be made at Dr. Morrel Parker's druggist store, east side of Wood, between Diamond alley and Fifth-street.

An Apprentice to the Printing Business will be taken, if application is immediately made. Apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

TO BE LET,

An eligible Stand for Business,

on Market Street, opposite Kerr's Hotel.—Also, one other, situate in the Diamond.

Apply to,
WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, May 6, 1816.

COLUMBIAN

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO. INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale, and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;
AN
AIR FOUNDERY;
AN
ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;
A
BRASS FOUNDERY;
A
PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;
AND A
Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills, Puller's & Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

JOHN BAIRD,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from his stand in Market Street to the Brick House in the Diamond, next door to Mr. Robert Getty's, From his long experience and the strict attention which he is determined to pay to business, he flatters himself he will receive his usual share of public patronage, and from the neat and fashionable manner in which all work will be finished, that he will give entire satisfaction to his customers.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1816.

FOUR OR FIVE JOURNEYMEN,
Who are good workmen, will receive constant employment and generous wages. Apply as above.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable FLAXSEED,

By applying to

GILLAND & CO.
Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S

Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Clushim*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills*. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The Bilious Headache, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

IN CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their streugth and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

WILLIAM MASSON,

SAIL MAKER, PITTSBURGH.

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has received from Philadelphia, a quantity of RUSSIA SAIL DUCK; also, a quantity of BLOCKS of various sizes, and that he is ready to receive orders from any place to make SAILS for Boats, or Vessels of any size. Likewise, SACKEN BOTTOMS, either of Country Cloth or Russia Duck.

From an experience of 20 years following the Sea, he flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may want any thing in his line.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1815.

N. B. Blocks and Rigging will be completely fitted, and Boats rigged in any manner that may be required. He will also draw drafts of Vessels, by which Rigging can be made to the exact quantity.

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES ENGLAND.
(LATE FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE.

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following articles, warranted to be equal to any of the kind imported

Black and Brown glazed Coffee POTS,
Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh,
July 6, 1815.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE property lately occupied by the subscriber as a factory—together with two dwelling-houses at the corner of Liberty Street and Diamond Alley. It will be sold or rented together or separately, on reasonable terms.

ALSO FOR SALE,

300 acres of Land, on the head waters of Pine Creek, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. Title indisputable.

GEORGE COCHRAN of R'd.

March 8, 1816.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Turners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh August 7, 1815.

W. CLOSEY,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has commenced said business, in the establishment of Mr. JAMES RIDDLE, who has declined in his favor.—Having been foreman to him for three years, and held a similar situation in some of the principal shops of Europe and America.—He assures the public, that he will keep the best materials, and pay the strictest attention to all commands.—He hopes from his knowledge and experience in the business, to give general satisfaction, and thereby merit a share of public patronage.

Warranted water-proof boots, made to order.
Back-strap and cossack military croff top, do.
Back-strap, patent, French and plain top, do.
Fashionable cossack, do.
Gentlemens' bootees, of all descriptions, do.
Dress and walking shoes, do.
Morocco and common leather dress pumps, do.
Gentlemens' morocco and common leather morning slippers, do.
Over-shoes of all descriptions, do.

Ladies' common leather, morocco and nankeen bootees, made on the newest and most approved London plans, at his WHOLESALE and RETAIL, BOOT and SHOE ware-house, Market, between Front and Water-streets, Pittsburgh.

March 23, 1816. 3mts.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that Valuable FARM situate in New-Sewickly Township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, containing 414 Acres, bounded on the Ohio River, and by Lands of Captain Sholee and others—there is about 120 or 130 acres of Land cleared on said Farm. There is between 60 and 70 acres of first rate bottom, all in a good state of cultivation, on the said Ohio River, and the remainder wood land. There is also on the premises, two Log Dwelling Houses, with shingled roofs, and two Cabbins, 8 or 10 acres of meadow, with about 40 or 50 young Apple Trees, and a number of Peach Trees. Several streams of excellent water run through the premises, headed by never failing springs, with a number of small springs; also, a Log Barn with a shingled roof The title indisputable. For terms apply to

AARON MORTON.

April 30, 1816.

FLAX WANED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815.

WILLIAMS'S

Wholesale and Retail

STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee, Common do., Young Hyson Tea, Nutmg, Cloves, Cinnamon, Alspice } Pepper, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Bengal & Spanish, Rosin Soap

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

JENNINGS

Patent Steam Bath.

ANY person desirous to be informed upon this highly interesting subject, may see a copy of a number of letters and certificates from Citizens and Physicians of the first distinction, setting forth the great value of this simple, delightful and highly useful medical agent. No man, having charge of a family, ought to be without one constantly in his house.

FOR SALE, BY
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON, *Druggists*, *Wood Street*,

WHO HAVE JUST RECEIVED, A VERY EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816. tf

Just received and for sale—by

ORMSBY and DOANE,

LIVERPOOL ware in crates,
Coffee, first and second quality, Loaf and lump sugar, Brandy, rum & Jamaica spirits } by the bar'l.
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga, wines.
Young hyson and imperial teas.
Pepper, alspice, mustard, ginger, allum, copperas, brimstone, madder, indigo and whiting, } in kegs.
Prunes, filberts, ground-nuts, cocoa-nuts, oranges and lemons.
Cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, by the lb.
Chocolate and Spanish segars, by the box.
Bloom and Muscatel raisins, in boxes.
Raisins and figs, in kegs and bags.
Scotch herrings, in boxes.
Mackarel and herrings, in barrels.
Windsor, English and Boston soap, in boxes.
American white and rosin, do.
Mens, womens and children's shoes.
Bright and black vices.
Anvils with single and double horns.
Waldrons' best corn and grass scythes.
Tacks, sprigs, trunk locks and handles, in boxes.
Spades and shovels, American and English.
Frying-pans, German and patent straw-Knives.
English blister and cast steel.
English and American crowly steel.

A small invoice of looking glasses assorted: together with their stock on hand, consisting of castings, bar-iron, nails, salt, shot, glass, and a variety of Pittsburgh manufactured articles, which they offer in large or small lots, to suit purchasers, on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, March 23, 1816 tf

Valuable Property for Rent.

The Subscriber offers for RENT *on*

PERPETUAL LEASE,

the following Valuable Property:—

ONE LOT of GROUND, on the corner of Water and Ferry Streets, 35 feet in front on Water Street, and 98 feet deep on Ferry Street.

TWO LOTS, adjoining the above, bounded on one side by Water Street, and the other by Front Street. These Lots are each 35 feet in front, and in depth 100 feet.

Also, ONE LOT, in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets, 23 feet front, and 70 feet in depth—with all the improvements.

The property will be shewn, and the terms, for the whole or any part, made known on application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816.

Real Estate for sale.

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, etween Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

October 14, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 50 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenant is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 15 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

Also—Several Lots in the Town of Stone's-ville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Jeremiah Neave & Son,

OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Have erected a large and commodious

Brick Warehouse and Cellars,

FOR the receiving of all kinds of MERCHANDIZE, MANUFACTURES and PRODUCE for Storage and Sale on COMMISSION, for forwarding by the River, or to Country Merchants.

BILLS and DEBTS collected and punctually remitted. PURCHASES made, and generally all BROKERAGE and Commission Business transacted.

Cincinnati, February 1816. tf

NOTICE.

THE partnership of TREVOR & ENCELL, in carrying on the FLINT GLASS WORKS on the bank of the Monongahela River opposite to Pittsburgh, is dissolved as far as respects all future contracts to the business of said Works. Contracts heretofore made will be fulfilled and executed by the old firm.

All persons having demands against us, will present them for settlement, and those who are indebted to us will please make immediate payment to J. B. Trevor, who is authorised to settle all accounts.

JOHN B. TREVOR,
JOHN ENCELL.

May 1, 1816. 3t

Groceries and Boat STORES.

JAMES M'CAY,

Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

HAS on hand, and keeps constantly for Sale, on the most liberal terms, the following articles, viz:—

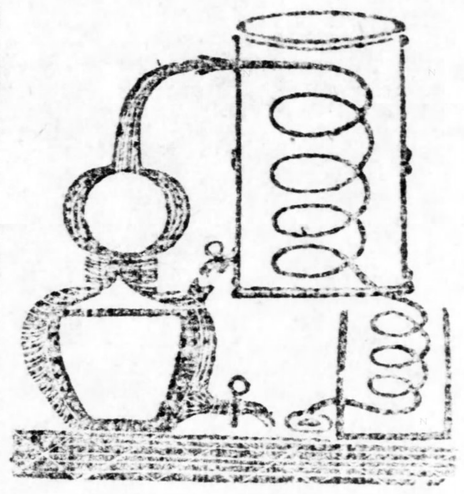
Liquors and Groceries,

of all kinds, and of the best quality.

PROVISIONS of every description.

☞ BOAT STORES put up on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1815. 6m



THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks* Rivets and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Having made arrangements to be regularly supplied with good

Japanned Ware,

they will be able to furnish their Customers and others, with assortments on reasonable terms.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1816.

N. B. They have just received a consignment of

Gilt Coat Buttons,

from the Manufactory in Connecticut, which they offer for Sale at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 300 Acres, situate in Ohio Township, Allegheny County, about 4 miles from the Ohio River, at present occupied by William Kidd, who will shew the land to any person wishing to purchase. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in Fayette township, Allegheny County.

KILLIAN LONG.

May 21, 1816.

Conemaugh Salt.

THE subscribers have appointed LATSHAW & M'MILLAN, sole Agents in Pittsburgh, for the Sale of the SALT made at the Conemaugh Works. A constant supply will be kept at their Warehouse in Second Street, the corner of Smithfield Street.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON,
ANDREW BOGGS.

May 28, 1816.

Cotton and Tobacco.

62 Bales Louisiana Cotton,
30 Kegs manufactured Tobacco.

ALSO,

Waldrons and common Scythes,
Sickles and Cutting Knives,
WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF
Wines, Liquors and Groceries,
Hardware, Ironmongery, &c.
FOR SALE, BY
HENRY DOANE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

31 February, 1816. 6in

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale

English Blistered Steel,

American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron
A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL
A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR
800 Barrels SALT
Spanish Flotant INDIGO.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

BOAT STORES

AND GROCERIES.

R. I. DUNN,

At his Store in Wood-street, near the Ferry.

KEEPS always a constant supply of provisions, Groceries and Liquors, (foreign and domestic) of the best quality.

☞ Boat Stores for gentlemen going down the river, are put up at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1815. 6m

Ten Cents Reward.

RANAWAY on Sunday the 2d instant, from the subscriber, JOHN M'CAUEY, aged about 17 years; an apprentice to the tanning business. The above reward, but no charges, will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to me in Pittsburgh.

REUBEN NEAL.

June 15, 1816.

MORGAN'S LIQUID,

To remove Spots or Stains of Ink, Red Wine Iron Mould or Mildew.

SOAK and wash out in this Liquid the table Linen, &c. &c. thus spotted or stained, and after the colour is discharged rinse them in the usual manner, and there will remain no visible effect of the injury.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, by
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
At their wholesale and retail Apothecary, Drug and Paint Warehouse, Wood Street.

REMOVAL.

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,

Wholesale & Retail Druggist

Have Removed from the west side of the Diamond to the east side of Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, where they offer for Sale on their usual liberal terms, a general assortment of

Fresh Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, Perfumery, Vials, Paints, Oil, Dye Stuffs, Cutler's hair Pencils Reeve's & Wells water colours,

with an extensive variety of other articles in their line, all of which are warranted to be the most approved and genuine qualities.

Physians, Country Merchants, and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above Articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices.

Families in Town and in the Country can be furnished with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with care and promptitude.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815. 1yeop

APPROVED

FAMILY MEDICINE.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness of the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all severe complaints, a settled weakness, dizziness or the spots before the eyes, headache, tremor, faintness, hysterics and debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swelling and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pain in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC PILLERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known Pillers are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent fevers, lingering long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr. Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT TOOTH OINTMENT

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and torturing disorder the TOOTH.

Dr. Dyott's

INFALLIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tessoti's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAIRE'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines just received and for Sale by
O'BRIEN & DYOTT,
DRUGGISTS,
WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1y47